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09/667,366	·	09/22/2000		Christopher John Ling		9-1999-0146US1	9751	
25259	7590	7590 03/04/2004				EXAMINER		
IBM CORPORATION 3039 CORNWALLIS RD. DEPT. T81 / B503, PO BOX 12195						HO, THOMAS M		
						ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
REASEARCH TRIANGLE PARK, NC 27709						2134	2134	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/667,366	LING, CHRISTOPHER JOHN
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Thomas M Ho	2134
The MAILING DATE of this communica Period for Reply	ition appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutoward of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply within the set or ext	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recitation. days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt tory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON I, by statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>22 September 2000</u> .	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b))⊠ This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for	r allowance except for formal matt	ers, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice	under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the approach 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the E 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to be	a) accepted or b) objected to a on to the drawing(s) be held in abeyan ne correction is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International	ocuments have been received. Ocuments have been received in A the priority documents have been al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4\ ☐ Interview S	ummary (PTO-413)
 Notice of References Ched (PTO-692) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-33) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	0-948) Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. The preliminary amendment of 9/22/00 has been received and entered.
- 2. Claims 1-20 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
 - (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-8, 11-13, 15-16, 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shi et al., US patent 5,875,296.

In reference to claim 1:

Shi et al. discloses a method of verifying a right to use an element of a web page hosted by a web server, the method comprising the steps of:

- Responsive to a request from a client for a web page hosted by a web server, storing an indicator that said client has requested a web page hosted by said web server, where the indicator is a cookie, stored on the client side. (Column 8, lines 32-35) The process begins with the client making an HTTP request as disclosed by (Column 8, lines 14-31)
- Responsive to a request from a client for an element of a web page, checking for said indicator that said client has requested a web page from said web server, where a test is

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made to see if the browser supports cookies, and if so, has a cookie previously been issued. (Column 8, lines 21-31)

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• Responding to the request from the client for said element of a web page hosted by the web server according to the result of said checking step, where if the cookie authentication was not successful an HTML document describing the failure is returned. (Column 8, lines 51-60)

In reference to claim 2:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said storing step comprises:

Returning to the client a persistent client state object having an identifier therein;

And wherein said checking step comprises checking for said persistent client state object having the identifier therein returned by said client, prior to said responding step. (Column 8, lines 54-60)

In reference to claim 3:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 2 wherein the persistent client state object is a cookie. (Column 6, lines 49-51)

In reference to claim 4:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 2 wherein the persistent client state object expires after a pre-determined period of time. (Column 7, lines 15-20)

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In reference to claim 5:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said storing step comprises adding an

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identity of said client to a table associated with said web server; (Column 8, lines 61-66)

And wherein said checking step comprises checking for client identity in said table, prior to said

responding step, where the checking step uses the cookie to check for credentials. (Column 8,

line 66) – (Column 9, line 13)

In reference to claim 6:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said table includes an expiry time

associated with a respective client identity in said table, where the unique id stored in a cookie, is

stored in a table (Column 8, lines 61-66) and where cookies have an expiry time associated with

a client identity in the table (Column 7, lines 15-20)

In reference to claim 7:

Shi et al. discloses a method of verifying a right to use an element of a web page hosted by a web

server, the method comprising the steps of:

Responsive to a request from a client for an element of a web page, checking said request

for an indicator that said request results from a client request for a web page hosting by

an authorized web server, where this request initiates searching for the authentication

cookie, which may or may not be included in the actual request itself (Column 9, lines 8-

10) and where the cookie is matched to see if it belongs to the right domain of

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authorization, or an authorized web server (Column 7, lines 26-35) as part of the

authentication process.

• Responsive to the presence of such an indicator, responding to the request from the client

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with said element of a web page, where upon authentication the web document is

retrieved. (Column 9, lines 3-10)

In reference to claim 8:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 7 wherein said indicator comprises a Uniform

Resource Locator for said web page, and said checking step comprises checking that said web

page URL is from an authorized web server. (Column 7, lines 25-35, lines 51-55) & (column 8,

lines 32-41)

In reference to claim 11:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 7 operable in one of said web server or a proxy

server connecting said web client to said web server, where (Figure 3) discloses the method

operable in a web server connecting the web client to the web server.

In reference to claim 12:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 7 wherein if said checking step fails to detect

said indicator, said responding step comprises returning a message for display at the client to the

client, where the message is an HTML document describing the error. (Column 8, lines 51-54)

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In reference to claim 13:

Shi et al. discloses a method as claimed in claim 7 wherein if said checking steps fails to detect said indicator, said responding step comprises returning a substitute element to the client, where the substitute element is an HTML document with an error message. (Column 8, lines 51-54)

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In reference to claim 15:

Shi et al. discloses a method in a web client of verifying a right to use an element of a web page hosted by a web server, the method comprising the steps of:

- Responsive to encountering a request for an element of a web page, checking that said request results from a client request for a web page hosted by an authorized web server, where this request results in authenticating the client by searching for the authentication cookie, where the cookie is matched to see if it belongs to the right domain of authorization (authorization server) (Column 7, lines 26-35), and if to be valid is searched for the authentication credentials (the unique id) (Column 9, lines 3-10)
- Responsive to such a request, requesting said web page element from a server hosting said web page element, where upon authentication the web document is retrieved. (Column 9, lines 3-10)

The multiple dependent claim, claim 16, is rejected for the same reasons as claims 1, 7 and 15.

In reference to claim 18:

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Shi et al. discloses the method as claimed in claim 1, wherein if said checking step fails to detect

said indicator, said responding step comprises returning a message for display at the client to the

client, where the message is an HTML document describing the error. (Column 8, lines 51-54)

In reference to claim 19:

Shi et al. discloses the method as claimed in claim 1, wherein if said checking step fails to detect

said indicator, said responding step comprises returning a substitute element to the claim, where

the substitute element is an HTML document with an error message. (Column 8, lines 51-54)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 9, 10, 14, 17, 20 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shi

et al, US patent 5,875,296.

In reference to claim 9:

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Shi et al. discloses all of claim 9 except wherein said indicator comprises a meta-tag incorporated in web pages from authorized servers, and said checking step comprises checking that said meta-tag is from an authorized web server.

The examiner takes official notice that having a meta-tag incorporated in a web page was well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. These meta-tags can be used to set cookies and "label" a URL to possibly identify keys and attributes about the web page. For example, this introductory web development tutorial

http://www.webdeveloper.com/html/html_metatags_part2.html discloses their usage in websites.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to also use as an indicator, the meta tags of a website to check if the meta-tag came from an authorized server, given that the meta-tag would allow identification and assessment of the website using more information than just a URL.

In reference to claim 10:

Shi et al. discloses all of claim 9 except wherein said meta-tag is a PICS compliant tag.

The examiner takes official notice that PICS compliant meta-tags were well known in the art. An example can be found on this introductory web development tutorial http://www.webdeveloper.com/html/html_metatags_part2.html

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use PICS compliant meta tags, because it is a common standard which may also be used to identify the owner of the intellectual property, and identify the contents of the website.

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In reference to claim 14:

Shi et al. fails to explicitly disclose a method as claimed in claim 7 wherein if said checking step fails to detect said indicator, said responding step comprises returning no response to the client. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention, to ignore requests that weren't authenticated, and return no response to the client in order to conserve

bandwidth by not sending any error message.

The multiple dependent claim, claim 17, is rejected for the same reasons as claims 1-15.

In reference to claim 20:

Shi et al. fails to explicitly disclose a method as claimed in claim 1 wherein if said checking step fails to detect said indicator, said responding step comprises returning no response to the client. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention, to ignore requests that weren't authenticated, and return no response to the client in order to conserve bandwidth by not sending any error message.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

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• US patent 6,298,446 describes a method and system for copyright protection of digital

images transmitted over networks.

• US patent 6,311,269 where limitation of access to files is done by mapping user identity

and credentials in a security cookie. The limitation is fine grained even into constituent

parts through the use of HTML tags and meta-tags.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Thomas M Ho whose telephone number is (703)305-8029. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:30am – 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Gregory A. Morse can be reached at (703)308-4789. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)746-7239 for regular

communications and (703)746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)306-5484.

TMH

February 25th 2003

GREGORY MORSE

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

HECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

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